2021 CERTIFICATION

RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

2022 JUN -8 AM 9: 1]

Town of DeKalb

PRINT Public Water System Name

0350001

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply)			
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publica	ion, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED		
Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)		5/19/22		
□ On water bill (Attach copy of bill)				
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)				
□ Other (Describe:				
)			
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□ Distributed via Email as an attachment				
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□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR	or proof of publication)			
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I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) had the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population servis correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155. Branda J. Pelson Name	ed. Furthermore, I certify that the information	contained in the report		
SUBMISSION OPTION	NS (Select one method ONLY)			
You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.				
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Boy 1700	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.g	<u>lov</u>		

Jackson, MS 39215

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of DeKalb PWS ID # 0350001 April 2022

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of 2 wells that draw from the Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the Town of DeKalb received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Ben Williams at 601-743-2870. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the 1st Tuesday of each month at the DeKalb Town Hall Board Room at 5:30 pm.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31, 2021. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST R	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Co	ntamina	ints						
13. Barium	N	2019*	0.078	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
23. Fluoride	N	2019*	1.13	None	ppin	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Disinfectant	s & Dis	infectant	By-Pro	ducts				
83. Chlorine	N	1/1/21 to 12/31/21	1.00	0.06 to 1.00	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
84. Haloacetic Acids HAA5	N	2021	1.29	No Range	ррь	0	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection
85. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2020*	3.65	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water disinfection

^{*} Most recent sample results available

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the Town of DeKalb is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which the average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6 - 1.2 ppm was 8. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6 - 1.2 ppm was 67 %.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report is being published in the paper and will not be mailed. Please call our office if you have any questions.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI KEMPER COUNTY

PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Kemper County, Mississippi, for the KEMPER COUNTY MESSENGER, a weekly newspaper of general circulation in Kemper County, Mississippi as defined and prescribed in Section 13-3-31, of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is attached hereto was published in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

Date	5/19	_, 2022
Vol.	89	_, Nc. 20
Date		_, 2022
Vol.		_, No
Date		_, 2022
Vol.		_, No
Date		_, 2022
Vol.		_, No
Signe	d:/ OVGAL SOLVEL For the KEMPER COUNTY MESSEN	
SWO	RN TO AND SUBSCRIBED bef	ore me the
	day of June Olive Hall v Public	_, 2022

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FEMPER COUN

Town of DeKalb PWS ID # 0350001 April 2022

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23, Fluoride	N	2019*	1.13	None	ppm	4	400	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Disinfectant	s & Dis	infectant	By-Pro	ducts				
83. Chianne	N	1/1/21 to 12/31/21	1.00	0.06 to 1 00	ррт	4		Water additive used to control mucrobes
84. Haloncena Acids HAAS	N	2021	1.29	No Range	ррь	Ó	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection
85 TTHM [Total tribalouserbases]	N	2020#	3,65	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water disinfection

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